Philosophy Question Bank

CC-III: Systems of Indian Philosophy (I)

<u>Unit-I</u>

1. Fill in the blanks.

- a) The word 'Darsana' is derived from its root_____.
- b) In Indian literature darsana' means_____.
- c) The school or systems of Indian philosophy are divided into two broad classes, namely ______&____.
- d) Pessimism in Indian philosophy is _____ not final.
- e) The word 'Rta' means the eternal..... Order.
- f) Rna means_____.
- g) In Indian philosophy _____ Is regarded as the root cause of suffering,
- h) Carvak metaphysics holds that _____ is the only reality,
- i) A materialist is called carvak or _____.
- j) According to Carvak ______ is the only source of knowledge,
- k) Carvak rejectedas the source of knowledge due to uncertain leap.
- 1) According to Carvak matter is composed of elements.
- m) Carvak rejected as one of the five elements
- n) System claims that Caitanya-visista-deha eva atma.
- 2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).
 - a) What is Philosophy?
 - b) What is heterodox system?
 - c) Which are the astika systems?
 - d) What is Rta?
 - e) What is Rna?
 - f) What is Dharma?
 - g) What is Artha?
 - h) What is Kama?
 - i) What is Moksa?
 - j) What is Karma?

- k) What is Akarma?
- 1) What is Vikrama?
- m) Why Charvak is called as Lokayata?
- n) What is soul for Charvak system?
- o) What is Liberation for Charvak system?
- p) What is God in Charvak system?
- 3. Short type questions (75 words)
 - a) What are the Rnas?
 - b) What is Dharma?
 - c) What is Artha?
 - d) What is Kama?
 - e) What is Moksa?
 - f) What is Karma?
 - g) What is Liberation for Charvak system?
 - h) What is God in Charvak?
- 4. Long Type Questions (300words)
 - a) Discuss the salient features of Indian Philosophy.
 - b) Elaborate the Charvak Epistemology.
 - c) What is the metaphysical point of view in Charvak system? Discuss.

<u>Unit-II</u>

- 1. Fill in the blanks
 - a) The two sets of Jainism are known as.....and.....
 - b) In heterodox systems system holds that consciousness is the essence of the soul.
 - c) Jaina system admits of three kinds of really immediate knowledge such as
 &......
 - d) In Jaina system, the word 'naya' means.....
 - e) The view that every judgment expresses one aspect of reality and is therefore relative and subject to some condition is known as.....

- f) The view that every object is found to possesses innumerable characteristics, positive and negative is called
- g) In Jainism the word 'pudgala' means.....
- h) What do you mean by Jina?
- 2. Short type questions(one or two sentences)
 - i) What is Jiva?
 - j) What is Ajiva?
 - k) What is Avadhi jnana?
 - 1) What is Manah-prayaya jnana?
 - m) What is kevala jnana?
 - n) What is Evambhuta- naya?
 - o) What is Naigama-naya?
 - p) What are Triratnas?
 - q) What are Panca-mahabratas?
- 3. Short type questions.(75 words)
 - a. What is baddha?
 - b. What is Mukta?
 - c. What is Avadhi jnana?
 - d. What is Manah-prayaya jnana?
 - e. What is kevala jnana?
 - f. What is Naya?
 - g. What is Evambhuta- naya?
 - h. What is Naigama-naya?
 - i. What is Triratna?
 - j. What is Panca-mahabratas?
- 4. Long Type Questions (300words)
 - a) Discuss Syadvada as an epistemological concept in Jaina System.
 - b) Discuss Anekantavada as a metaphysical theory.

<u>Unit-III</u>

- 1. Fill in the blanks
 - a) Pratityasamutpada is described in Noble truth of Buddha.
 - b) is the root cause of impressions or tendencies that cause rebirth in Buddhism.
 - c) Nirvana does not mean extinction of existence, but the extinction of.....
 - d) Positively Nirvana means.....
 - e) The word 'samyag' means..... In Buddhism.
 - f) The ideal of Boddhisattva is the attainment of......
- 2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).
 - a) What is Tripitaks?
 - b) What are the four Noble truths?
 - c) What are the eight fold paths?
 - d) What is Dependant Origination?
- 3. Short type questions.(75 words)
 - a) What are the four Noble truths?
 - b) What are the eight fold paths?
 - c) What are the twelve links?
 - d) What is Pratityasamutpada?
 - e) What is Nirvana?
- 4. Long Type Questions (300words).
 - a) Discuss the four Noble Truths of Buddha.
 - b) Explain the Doctrine of Momentariness in Buddha's Philosophy.
 - c) Explain the No Soul Theory of Buddhism.
 - d) Whether Buddha believe in Nirvana or not? Discuss.

Unit-IV

- 1. Fill in the blanks.
 - e) _____ is the founder of Astanga Yoga.
 - f) Yama means _____.
 - g) Tapa literary means_____.
 - h) There are in total _____principles in evolution.
 - i) Purusa is a _____.

j) ______is the pain that arises due to the extra organic natural causes.

- 2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).
 - a) What is Purusa?
 - b) What is Prakriti?
 - c) What is Asadakaranat?
 - d) Upadanagrahanat?
 - e) What is Sattva?
 - f) What is Niyama?
 - g) What is Rajas?
 - h) What is Tamas?
 - i) What is intellect?
 - j) What is Ahankara?
 - k) What is Budhhi?
 - 1) What is jivanmukti?
 - m) What is Videhamukti?
 - n) What is Adhyatmika pida?
- 3. Short type questions.(75 words)
 - a) What is Purusa?
 - b) What is Prakriti?
 - c) What is Asadakaranat?
 - d) What is Upadanagrahanat?
 - e) What is intellect?
 - f) What is Ahankara?
 - g) What is Budhhi?
 - h) What is Pranayam?
 - i) What is Pratyahara?
 - j) What is Samadhi?
- 4. Long Type Questions (300words)
 - a) Give the details of Purusa in Samkhya system.
 - b) What is Prakriti? Define the proofs for Existence of Prakriti.
 - c) What is Samkhya theory of Causation?Elaborate the details.

d) Discuss the Samkhya Evolution process.